





"CHILE: HIV EPIDEMIOLOGY AT A GLANCE"

IGNACIO SILVA AYARZA

Barros Luco-Trudeau Hospital, Santiago, Chile University of Santiago de Chile





HISTORY

1990

- CONASIDA (National AIDS Corporation) is created
- Testing for HIV in blood donors
- Vertical transmission prevention protocol is implemented

1997

Chile and UNAIDS work together to improve treatment access

2001

 Law 19.779
 ("The AIDS Law") on discrimination and access is promulgated

2003

Chile increases coverage of ART to 100% in the public sector



<u>1984</u>

• First HIV case in Chile

In 2016, Chile had 5000 new HIV infections; 9000 estimated in 2019

There were 61000 people living with HIV, among whom 53% were accessing ART

Among pregnant women living with HIV, 38% were accessing treatment or prophylaxis to prevent transmission of HIV to their children

An estimated 90 children were newly infected with HIV due to mother-to-child transmission

Among people living with HIV, 48% had suppressed viral loads





Since 2010, new HIV infections have increased by 35% and AIDS-related deaths have increased by 34%





